

A SEVENTY-FIVE MILE GALE AT SEA

The Awful Experience of a Big Schooner Which Came Into Capes for Repairs.

THE WASHINGTON VISITORS

Harry St. George Tucker Heads a Large Delegation of Maynard's Guests.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

NORFOLK, VA., January 29.—The big schooner Miles M. Merry came inside the Virginia capes to-day in distress. She is bound from the Island of Trinidad for New York, with a cargo of asphalt. Last Tuesday night, when north of Cape Hatteras a northwester, which Captain Fickett, her commander, said seemed to him to be being seventy-five miles an hour, came along. He reefed down at the first sign of trouble, but nevertheless lost two gaffs and a spunkier and was obliged, when his rigging got tangled, to send a man aloft to cut the peak halyards.

A tremendous sea running carried away the small boat, smashed the cabin doors and washed the negro woman cook from the poop into the fore-cabin. The vessel was then put before the wind and ran under the lee of Cape Lookout. There she rode out the gale, but broke her windlass. All the stores save fresh water and some flour spoiled, the crew lived on this during the past week, supplemented by the carcass of a pig which they had carried alive over since leaving the States, but killed when hunger attacked them. The master sent here for iron to repair his windlass temporarily and expects to sail for New York to-morrow. Captain Fickett expressed anxiety for those other sailing vessels coming up the coast during the late gale. He said that only staunch vessels could stand such a blow and the accompanying sea.

WASHINGTON VISITORS.

The party that came down from Washington this morning as the personal guests of Congressman Harry L. Maynard, of the Second Virginia District, to visit the Jamestown Exposition site, consisted of eighteen persons, thirteen members of the House Committee, the secretary, three ladies and President H. St. George Tucker, of the Jamestown Exposition Company, who has been in Washington since his return from Europe. A delegation from the offices of the Jamestown Exposition Company met the visitors at the wharf of the Norfolk and pressed anxiety for those other sailing and Washington Steamboat Company and escorted them to the Monticello Hotel, where they breakfasted. After breakfast, the congressional party repaired to the new National Bank of Commerce building, where, from the roof, a splendid view was obtained of Norfolk and its environs. Later the company left for Sewell's Point with the congressional and exposition party. After a ride over the exposition grounds, the visitors were taken to the Norfolk Hotel, where they were served at the Pine Beach Hotel, then the party returned to Norfolk.

THE VISITORS.

In the party coming from Washington this morning, in addition to Congressman Maynard and Mr. Tucker, were: A. P. Gardner, of Massachusetts, chairman; W. A. Rodenburg, of Illinois; Joseph Howell, of Utah; H. C. Woodard, of West Virginia; M. J. Pollard, of Nebraska; N. W. Gilbert, of Indiana; James McKinney, of Illinois; F. J. LeFevre, of New York; G. S. Legare, of South Carolina; M. L. Goldfine, of New York; M. L. Kline, of Pennsylvania; Joseph L. Rhinock, of Kentucky; W. W. Lufkin, secretary of the House Committee; Miss Garrison, niece of Judge Goldfine; Mrs. and Miss Rhinock, wife and daughter of Congressman Rhinock; Mrs. and Miss Goebel, of Ohio; W. W. Wilson, and Charles McGavin, of Illinois; Congressman James S. Sherman, of New York; J. D. Bowersock, of Kansas, and Charles L. Bartlett, of Georgia, did not come with the party.

CARNATION DAY.

On the trip down to the exposition grounds this morning, officials of the company distributed carnations, and received carnations, to-day being recognized throughout America as carnation day. January 29th was the birthday of the late President McKinley, and because of his partiality to the flower it was designated after his death as "carnation day" by the Carnation League of America.

THE ACCOMPANYING PARTY.

In the exposition and Norfolk party accompanying the visitors were: President Harry St. George Tucker, Chairman; C. Brooks Johnston, T. S. Sherrill, J. Taylor Elyson and C. S. Sherwood, of the board of governors; Mayor James G. Riddick, W. W. Moss, president of the Chamber of Commerce and

PILES CURED QUICKLY AT HOME

Why Suffer Any Longer When You Can Get a Quick, Sure Cure For Your Piles by Simply Sending Your Name and Address?

Trial Package Is Sent Absolutely Free, in Plain Wrapper, to Every One Who Writes.

Surgeons themselves consider a permanent cure of piles by a surgical operation as very doubtful, and resort to it only when the patient is in desperate straits from long continued pain and agony. But the operation itself is every bit as excruciating as the suffering which it causes. Besides, it is humiliating and expensive, and hardly a success.

The wonderful Pyramid Pile Cure makes an operation unnecessary. You cure yourself with perfect ease, in your own home, and for little expense.

Pyramid Pile Cure gives you instant relief. It immediately heals all sores and ulcers, reduces congestion and inflammation, and takes away all pain, itching and irritation. Just a little of the treatment is usually sufficient to give a permanent cure.

Pyramid Pile Cure is prepared in the form of suppositories so they can be applied directly to the seat of the trouble without inconvenience or interrupting your work in any way.

We are sending a trial treatment free of charge, to every one who sends name and address. We do this to prove what we say about this wonderful remedy is true.

After you have tried the sample treatment, and you are satisfied, you can get a full trial of the Pyramid Pile Cure at your drugstore for 50 cents. If he hasn't it, send us the money and we will send you the treatment at once, by mail, in plain sealed package.

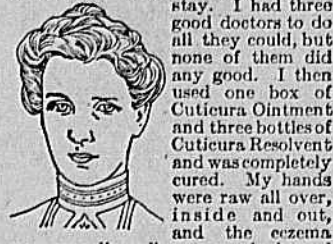
Send your name and address at once for a trial of this marvelous quick, sure cure. Address: Pyramid Drug Co., 11290 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich.

HANDS RAW WITH TERRIBLE ECZEMA

Suffered for Ten Years—Spreading to Body and Limbs Despite Efforts of Three Doctors—Another Remarkable and Speedy

CURE BY THE CUTICURA REMEDIES

"I had eczema on my hands for ten years. At first it would break out only in winter. Then it finally came to stay. I had three good doctors to do all they could, but none of them did any good. I then used one box of Cuticura Ointment and three bottles of Cuticura Resolvent and was completely cured. My hands were raw all over, inside and out, and the eczema was spreading all over my body and limbs. Before I had used one bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, together with the Ointment, my sores were nearly healed over, and by the time I had used the third bottle, I was entirely well. I had a good appetite and was fresher than I ever was. To any one who has any skin or blood disease I would honestly advise them to get the Cuticura Remedies and get well quicker than all the doctors in the State can cure you." Mrs. M. E. Falin, May 19, 1905. Speers Ferry, Va.



A tremendous sea running carried away the small boat, smashed the cabin doors and washed the negro woman cook from the poop into the fore-cabin. The vessel was then put before the wind and ran under the lee of Cape Lookout. There she rode out the gale, but broke her windlass. All the stores save fresh water and some flour spoiled, the crew lived on this during the past week, supplemented by the carcass of a pig which they had carried alive over since leaving the States, but killed when hunger attacked them. The master sent here for iron to repair his windlass temporarily and expects to sail for New York to-morrow. Captain Fickett expressed anxiety for those other sailing vessels coming up the coast during the late gale. He said that only staunch vessels could stand such a blow and the accompanying sea.

CURED OF ITCHING HUMOR

"I have been troubled with a humor on the back of my neck and head for four or five years. It had an itching and burning sensation and was very uncomfortable feeling. I have used the Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Resolvent. Pills three months, and can say I am completely cured." Respectfully, Mrs. H. D. Ludlam, Ocean City, Md., July 28, 1905.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are sold throughout the world. Price, 25c. per box. Send for Free Trial. How to Care for the Skin and Scalp.

president of the Citizens' Bank; President J. W. McCarrick, of the Board of Trade; Comptroller C. H. Bull and F. P. Hitch, Rear Admiral P. F. Harrington, commandant of the Norfolk navy yard; Alvin H. Martin, vice-president of the exposition company; N. Beaman, president of the National Bank of Commerce and treasurer of the exposition company; Barton Myers, auditor and governor of ways and means; T. J. Wool, of general counsel; Secretary Gayman T. Shepperd, Warren H. Manning, landscape architect; all of the exposition company; Judge T. S. Garnett, L. Hubert, A. E. Krie, president Atlantic Trust and Deposit Company; Collector of Customs Banks, Harvey L. Wilson, editor of the Public Ledger; James M. Thomson, editor of the Norfolk Dispatch; Kevill Glennan, city editor of the Norfolk Virginian-Pilot, and George L. Currier, president of the Ohio Society in Norfolk.

At Sewell's Point the following from Newport News joined the party: Mayor S. R. Buxton, W. E. Cottrell, member of the board of governors of the exposition company; O. D. Batchelor, of general counsel; J. L. Patton, member of the board of directors, and Arthur Lee, assistant cashier of the First National Bank.

SOUTH HILL SHUT IN.

Smallpox There Exceedingly Mild and Precaution Being Taken.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

BOYDTON, VA., January 29.—The situation in regard to smallpox in the town of South Hill is greatly improved. The disease is of such a mild type that there is no alarm. The citizens, but at the same time all necessary precaution by quarantining is now being taken to prevent the spread of the disease. Mayor Daniel, the newly-elected chief executive officer of the town, appears to resent with much vehemence the action of the board of directors, which ordered the east of the town and the other on the west, on the Southern Railway, in quarantining against his town. The mayor issued a letter to Sheriff Beavers, asking that officer please to come down, and open up a right of way for his people, as they are blocked in on both sides.

For a New Jail.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

WILLIAMSBURG, VA., January 29.—Dr. Stephenson and Mr. William Lee, of the board of directors, and Messrs. A. S. Bird and H. D. Cole, of the Council, have been appointed as a building committee to secure a site for the proposed new jail. Bids will be received up to February 25th. The site selected for the building, which is to be located near the market house, will be owned jointly by the city and county.

France—Coates.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., January 29.—Mr. J. B. France and Miss Mota G. Coates, daughter of Mr. Coates, of Richmond county, were married last week at the residence, in that county, of Rev. G. M. Connell, who performed the ceremony. There were three bridesmaids and three groomsmen.

Martin—Mundie.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., January 29.—Mr. John Martin and Miss Jeannette Mundie, daughter of Mr. Augustine Mundie, both of Essex county, were married a few days ago at "Clay Hill" in that county. Rev. J. T. Haley officiating. The ceremony was a sumptuous supper was served to the bridal party.

Handley—Woodville.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., January 29.—Mr. J. E. Handley, of Washington, and Miss Kate Woodville, of Orange county, were married last week at Orange county house. The ceremony took place at the home of Rev. A. J. Harlow, who officiated.

Typhoid Fever.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

SPINA MILLS, VA., January 29.—Master Forester Smith, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Smith, Jr., of Horn Quarter, is ill in his home. It is thought he has the typhoid fever.

Much anxiety is felt by the relatives of Mr. L. Hutchinson, who is ill at his home No. 223 Harrison Street, Richmond, with typhoid fever. It is thought that Mr. Hutchinson is suffering from the same disease which was here on the 27th of December, attending the wedding of his niece, Miss Percy Thomas, of Luvanna county, Va., at her former home. The death of his brother, Lucian Hutchinson, his sister, Mrs. C. P. Shedd, and Spencer Taylor, a servant, resulted from the same cause.

TELEGRAPH CAMP IN QUARANTINE

Two Negroes Stringing Postal Wires Down With Smallpox in Chesterfield.

THE MITCHELL-BAUGH CASE

Bishop Randolph Preaches on Good and Evil of Human Nature.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

PETERSBURG, VA., January 29.—The preliminary hearing in the Mitchell-Baugh shooting case, which was to have been held to-day before Justice Leonard Parker at Stony Creek, has again been postponed, this time until Friday, because of the enforced absence of Mitchell's counsel, R. H. Mann, of Petersburg, who has gone to attend the funeral of his father-in-law, Judge George C. Orgain, of Lunenburg.

The case has been necessarily postponed three or four times, and the outcome is awaited with great interest in Sussex county, where both men are very well known. S. V. Baugh was shot by Frank Mitchell in a personal difficulty at Stony Creek Saturday evening, December 30th. The men are merchants at that place.

Smallpox has broken out in the Postal Telegraph Company's camp of linemen in Chesterfield county near the Bishop bridge, crossing the Appomattox River from this city. Two negroes have developed the disease, and the camp has been quarantined.

The report of the city health officer, Dr. R. A. Martin, for the month ending January 25th, shows a total of forty-two deaths, whites sixteen; colored twenty-six. Fifty-two births were reported during the month, of which twenty-five were among the whites, twenty-seven colored.

A large disproportion against the colored in the comparative mortality rates of the two races is indicated in nearly every report.

A congregation that crowded St. Paul's Episcopal Church last evening heard a splendid sermon by Bishop A. M. Randolph on the conflict of good and evil in human nature. Fifteen people were confirmed.

At St. Stephen's Church, colored, in the morning several graduates of the Bishop Payne Divinity School were ordained by Bishop Randolph, who returned to Norfolk this morning.

State Secretary Coulter addressed a meeting of about one hundred men at the Young Men's Christian Association yesterday afternoon.

The wedding of Miss Minnie Mayes, of Sussex county, to Mr. B. J. Bolesau, of Dinwiddie, will take place to-morrow at Lloyd's Church in Sussex.

Aged and Loved Old Servant.

John Longley (colored) died Saturday at the home of Captain Frank S. Robertson, in Washington county, in the ninety-third year of his age. He had been continuously with the family during his whole life—first with Captain Francis Smith, then his son-in-law, Gardner Wyndham Robertson, and then his son, Captain Frank S. Robertson, the present owner of "The Meadows." He died within a quarter of a mile of the place where he was born, and at his request was buried on the hill where the cabin stood when he was born in 1812. His son, "Sam," was Captain Robertson's body-servant during the Civil War.

As a boy, "Old John" was the keeper of the hounds for Captain Smith. Many of the white people from Abington attended the funeral, which was from the office at "The Meadows."

CITIZENS PETITION STREET COMMITTEE

Ask That Ordinance Permitting Display of Goods on Sidewalk Be Not Repealed.

The Committee on Streets held a meeting yesterday afternoon, Mr. Pollock in the chair. A lot of routine business was disposed of, and the Mayor's recommendation to the Council that the ordinance allowing merchants space on the sidewalk in which to display goods in front of their stores, be abolished, was taken up, and considered at some length. A petition, signed by over 30 merchants, was laid before the committee by a delegation from the Retail Merchants' Association. The petition asked that the ordinance be not repealed, and that show cases, etc., be allowed exhibition space on the sidewalks.

After discussion the whole matter was referred to a subcommittee, composed of Messrs. J. B. Minor, Burton and McCaw. The City Engineer was instructed by resolution to continue street work now in process, the same to be paid for out of the appropriation for 1906.

When It Was Dark.

This is a novel worth talking about.—Its style has the precise, chiseled property which denotes a high order of intellect.—The story is none the worse for an impossible plot; on the contrary, an impossible plot is one of the marks of strong originality, proving that the author is not afraid to risk the lesser for the greater. Excellent as is the story, the book will also be entitled to discussion for its original views on a series of questions believed to be vital.—Brooklyn Eagle.

When It Was Dark.

This is a novel worth talking about.—Its style has the precise, chiseled property which denotes a high order of intellect.—The story is none the worse for an impossible plot; on the contrary, an impossible plot is one of the marks of strong originality, proving that the author is not afraid to risk the lesser for the greater. Excellent as is the story, the book will also be entitled to discussion for its original views on a series of questions believed to be vital.—Brooklyn Eagle.

When It Was Dark.

This is a novel worth talking about.—Its style has the precise, chiseled property which denotes a high order of intellect.—The story is none the worse for an impossible plot; on the contrary, an impossible plot is one of the marks of strong originality, proving that the author is not afraid to risk the lesser for the greater. Excellent as is the story, the book will also be entitled to discussion for its original views on a series of questions believed to be vital.—Brooklyn Eagle.

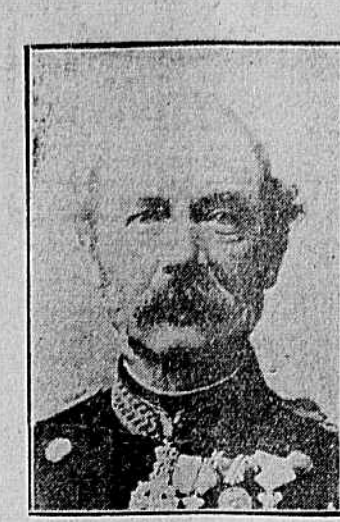
When It Was Dark.

This is a novel worth talking about.—Its style has the precise, chiseled property which denotes a high order of intellect.—The story is none the worse for an impossible plot; on the contrary, an impossible plot is one of the marks of strong originality, proving that the author is not afraid to risk the lesser for the greater. Excellent as is the story, the book will also be entitled to discussion for its original views on a series of questions believed to be vital.—Brooklyn Eagle.

When It Was Dark.

This is a novel worth talking about.—Its style has the precise, chiseled property which denotes a high order of intellect.—The story is none the worse for an impossible plot; on the contrary, an impossible plot is one of the marks of strong originality, proving that the author is not afraid to risk the lesser for the greater. Excellent as is the story, the book will also be entitled to discussion for its original views on a series of questions believed to be vital.—Brooklyn Eagle.

OLD AND NEW RULER OF KINGDOM OF DENMARK



KING CHRISTIAN.



CROWN PRINCE FREDERICK.

KING OF DENMARK DIED YESTERDAY

(Continued from First Page.)

used prompt restoratives, but his efforts were useless, and King Christian expired, almost without uttering a word, in the arms of the Dowager Empress and in the presence of the court physician and Prince Hans. Just as the King breathed his last, Crown Prince Frederick entered the room, and the other members of the family arrived shortly afterward.

Nothing is definitely known to-night concerning the arrangements for the funeral, and it will necessarily be some time before anything regarding these arrangements is officially announced.

Telegrams and cablegrams of condolence are pouring in to-night, including messages from all the sovereigns of Europe and the Danish colonies.

Cabinet Resigns.

Premier Christensen, to-night tendered the resignation of the cabinet to the new King, who expressed a wish that the present ministry should continue to carry on the affairs of the government. Both houses of Parliament will assemble to-morrow, when their respective presidents will formally announce the death of King Christian.

At 3 o'clock P. M. the ministers will assemble in the hall of the Folkething to receive the royal message announcing the accession of Frederick the Eighth. Public announcement of the death of King Frederick will be made at noon from the balcony of the palace.

It had been known for some time that King Christian's health was failing. The physicians recommended a change of air, and the King decided to take their advice. It was his intention to go south in the near future, accompanied by the Dowager Empress of Russia.

Royal House in Mourning.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, January 29.—The sudden death of King Christian of Denmark, called the "Father-in-law of Europe," will place the majority of the royal houses of Europe in mourning. The rulers of Russia, Great Britain, Greece, Sweden and Norway are directly related to the dead monarch, either personally or through their consorts.

His sons and daughters were preparing for their annual trip to Copenhagen for the purpose of celebrating his eighty-ninth birthday. Queen Alexandra received the news of the death of her father at Windsor. It came as a great shock to her, as apparently there had been no previous intimation of any indisposition.

Parliament Postponed.

In view of the death of the king, the official and other engagements in which the British court is concerned will be postponed or cancelled, although nothing affecting the arms has yet been given out. It is said that the opening of Parliament cannot take place February 19th, according to the original programme, but it may be opened by a royal commission as in the latter years of Queen Victoria's reign.

It is expected that a memorial service in honor of the late King Christian will be held in the chapel royal, St. James Palace, simultaneously with the funeral services held in Denmark.

"Father-in-law of Europe."

Christian IX., King of Denmark, was born April 8, 1818, not as heir to a monarchy, but as the third son of William Duke of Schleswig Holstein, and only successor to that principality.

In 1842, as Prince Christian of Glücks-

Queen Alexandra a Daughter.

Alexandra, the second child and eldest daughter, born in 1844, was nineteen years later wedded to Prince Edward, Prince of Wales, now King Edward VII. of England, with whom she shares the throne as Queen Consort.

George, born in 1845, was the third child of the alliance. In 1862, when he was barely twenty-two years of age, he was offered the throne of Greece, after he had been refused by Prince Alfred of Edinburgh and others, which he accepted.

In 1867, as George I. of Greece, he married Princess Olga of Russia, and together they have amassed wealth through the position estimated at \$25,000,000.

Princess Dagmar, the second daughter, born in 1847, was early affianced to Czar Nicholas, but at his death she was persuaded to give her hand to his younger brother, who became Czar Alexander II.

The union was a happy one, and Alexander spent much time in Denmark with his wife and her parents.

Czar a Grandson.

The present Czar, being the eldest child, is grandson to King Christian.

Prince Waldemar, the youngest son, born 1858, is an admiral in the Danish fleet, and the King's constant companion. He was married in 1885 to Princess Marie of Orleans, daughter of the pretender to the throne of France, through whom he has acquired considerable wealth, both by dowry and a legacy from the Duke of Anjou, his wife's grandfather. There are five children by the union—Valdemar, who is fourteen years of age; Axel, twelve; Eric, ten; Viggo, seven, and Helene, five. The old King was devoted to them.

The sixth and last child of the Danish sovereign is Princess Thyra, born in 1853, one year after Christian's appointment as heir of Frederick VII.

Like her sister, Dagmar, her fiancé died, the Prince Imperial of France, to

whom she was betrothed, being killed in the Zulu war.

She later became the wife of the only son of the last King of Hanover, who is known as the Duke of Cumberland and Duke of Brunswick.

Like her brothers and sisters she married to wealth, the Duke being enormously rich. It is stated that when he travels the gold and silver plate which he takes with him weighs fifteen tons and fills three railroad cars.

By the diplomatic marriage of his six children King Christian is closely connected with the most powerful courts in Europe, and four of his grandsons may some day become rulers over one-half of the civilized world, Russia, England, Denmark and Greece.

There are four generations living in the line of succession to the throne of Denmark: The Crown Prince Frederick, who succeeds Christian IX., Prince Christian, his daughter, is married to Prince Carl of Sweden, in addition to which there are five other children born to the heir apparent, who are unmarried, so there is little chance of the direct line of descent again becoming extinct.

It was due to King Christian's own efforts that he was so loved and trusted by his subjects. At the time of his accession to the crown, Denmark was rent with internal dissension, resulting finally in a rupture with Germany. The outcome of this war was the loss of the province of Schleswig-Holstein and Lauenburg, almost a third of his dominions.

The greatest tact and diplomacy was needed at this time to gain the people's confidence, and Christian sought so well that it may be said he was the most beloved ruler in Europe.

Contrary to expectations, however, he has been for many years in continual feud with his Parliament. Although a Democratic man, Denmark is still more democratic and less absolute ideas on the ruling of his people.

King Christian has always led the simplest of lives, induced no doubt by his early poverty.

In spite of lack of luxuries in his early married life, there was no happier home than his. He was devoted to the most treasured remembrances that have made the old Danish home the oft-time resort of his children and their families in later years.

These family gatherings have had an important political effect on the most serious questions of the day. Their influence has been for universal peace, and the horror of war has been prevented by such meetings.

Since Christian opened his first rigsgdag in 1848 he has worked unceasingly for the development of the resources and institutions of his country, travelling quietly all over his kingdom.

One journey, however, is paramount in the history of his reign. In 1874, on the occasion of the Millennium Festival of Iceland, Christian visited his subjects, and by his visit to Reykjavik was the first monarch to set foot on this land of ice and snow.

Clad in civilian costume, he was met by the bishop of the Iceland Festival of Iceland. The historic plain of Thingval, where he attended a national gathering on the site of the throne of the old Icelandic Republic and listened to high-pitched rhetoric in the Norse language.

While very strict in court etiquette, the King indulged in little state otherwise. His meals were all of the simplest in both material and service, the intervening hours being consumed with correspondence and State affairs in the morning, and walks or riding in the parks in the afternoon, accompanied by members of his family and his dogs.

He visited many public places, talking to the people, no one of which was too humble to address him.

All petitions thus made were noted in a little red memorandum book, which is familiar to all.

Since the death of Queen Louise, which occurred on September 29, 1888, the King had somewhat curtailed his daily strolls, advancing years and rheumatism being the principal causes.

Christian had in his later years showed remarkable vigor, and only a short while ago, when his valet offered to assist him, said:

"When I grow old you may help me, but as yet, thank God, I am able to help myself."

King Christian had followed out his name to the letter. His private life had been a blameless one and a glorious example to his half-hundred living descendants and to the world at large, while peace with honor had marked his reign of over forty years.

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

Strong Testimony from the University of Virginia.

"IN URIC ACID DIATHESIS, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, LITHAEMIA and the like, ITS ACTION IS PROMPT AND LASTING."

Geo. Ben. Johnston, M.D., LL.D., Prof. Gynecology and Abdominal Surgery, University of Virginia, Ex-Pres. Southern Surgical and Gynecological Assn., Ex-Pres. Virginia Medical Society and Surgeon Memorial Hospital, Richmond, Va.: "If I were asked what mineral water has the widest range of usefulness, I would unhesitatingly answer, BUFFALO LITHIA WATER. In Uric Acid Diathesis, Gout, Rheumatism, Lithaemia, and the like, its beneficial effects are prompt and lasting. . . . Almost any case of Pyelitis and Cystitis will be alleviated by it, and many cured. I have had evidence of the undoubted Disintegrating, solvent and Eliminating powers of this water in Renal Calculus, and have known its long continued use to permanently break up the gravel-forming habit."

"IT SHOULD BE RECOGNIZED AS AN ARTICLE OF MATERIA MEDICA."

James L. Cabell, M.D., A.M., LL.D., former Prof. Physiology and Surgery in the Medical Department in the University of Virginia, and Pres. of the Nat'l. "BUFFALO LITHIA WATER Diathesis is a well-known therapeutic resource. It should be recognized by the profession as an article of Materia Medica."

"NOTHING TO COMPARE WITH IT IN PREVENTING URIC ACID DEPOSITS IN THE BODY."

Dr. P. B. Barringer, Chairman of Faculty and Professor of Physiology, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va.: "After twenty years' practice I have no hesitancy in stating that for prompt results I have found nothing to compare with BUFFALO LITHIA WATER in preventing uric acid deposits in the body."

"I KNOW OF NO REMEDY COMPARABLE TO IT."

Wm. B. Towles, M.D., late Prof. of Anatomy and Materia Medica, University of Va.: "